FORTISALBERTA INC.

An indirect subsidiary of Fortis Inc.

Unaudited Condensed Interim Financial Statements For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021

FORTISALBERTA INC. CONDENSED INTERIM BALANCE SHEETS (UNAUDITED)

As at (all amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars)	June 30, 2021	De	cember 31, 2020
Assets			
Current assets			
Restricted cash (note 11)	\$	\$	611
Accounts receivable	157,257		167,427
Prepaids and deposits	7,856		4,433
Income tax receivable	1,323		4,659
Regulatory assets (note 4)	56,343		37,030
Total current assets	222,779		214,160
Regulatory assets (note 4)	371,114		352,824
Property, plant and equipment, net	4,235,466		4,192,568
Intangible assets, net	95,662		93,198
Other assets	3,252		2,774
Goodwill	228,357		228,357
Total Assets	\$ 5,156,630	\$	5,083,881
Liabilities and Equity			
Current liabilities			
Short-term borrowings	\$ 97,935	\$	46,509
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	201,411		223,718
Regulatory liabilities (note 4)	21,812		32,354
Total current liabilities	321,158		302,581
Other liabilities	63,775		67,024
Regulatory liabilities (note 4)	459,787		449,750
Deferred income tax	367,564		349,419
Long-term debt	2,342,695		2,342,335
Total Liabilities	3,554,979		3,511,109
Commitments (note 9)			
Equity			
Share capital, no par value, unlimited authorized shares, 63 shares issued and outstanding (December 31, 2020 – 63)	173,848		173,848
Additional paid-in capital	774,896		774,896
Accumulated other comprehensive loss	(585)		(762)
Retained earnings	653,492		624,790
Total Equity	1,601,651		1,572,772
Total Liabilities and Equity	\$ 5,156,630	Ś	5,083,881

FORTISALBERTA INC. CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF INCOME AND COMPREHENSIVE INCOME (UNAUDITED)

		Three	Six Months Ended June 30,			
(all amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars)		2021	2020	2021	2020	
Revenues						
Electric rate revenue	\$	170,389	\$ 161,155	\$ 338,367	\$ 323,343	
Alternative revenue			289	_	(177)	
Other revenue (note 7)		6,209	2,766	12,256	7,304	
Total Revenues		176,598	164,210	350,623	330,470	
Expenses						
Cost of sales		54,198	47,359	108,892	99,436	
Depreciation		53,586	52,111	106,625	103,990	
Amortization		4,101	3,709	8,115	7,362	
Total Expenses		111,885	103,179	223,632	210,788	
Other (expense) income		(132)	(177)	821	607	
Income before interest expense and income tax		64,581	60,854	127,812	120,289	
Interest expense		26,990	25,757	53,147	51,840	
Income before income tax		37,591	35,097	74,665	68,449	
Income tax expense		1,598	2,189	3,463	4,062	
Net Income	\$	35,993	\$ 32,908	\$ 71,202	\$ 64,387	
Other comprehensive income						
Unrealized post-employment benefits gains		89	85	177	170	
Comprehensive Income	\$	36,082	\$ 32,993	\$ 71,379	\$ 64,557	

FORTISALBERTA INC. CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN EQUITY (UNAUDITED)

Six Months Ended June 30 (all amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars)	2021	2020
Share Capital		
Balance, beginning and end of period	\$ 173,848	173,848
Additional Paid-in Capital		
Balance, beginning and end of period	\$ 774,896	764,896
Accumulated Other Comprehensive Loss		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ (762)	(321)
Unrealized post-employment benefits gains	177	170
Balance, end of period	\$ (585) \$	(151)
Retained Earnings		
Balance, beginning of period	\$ 624,790	571,987
Net income	71,202	64,387
Dividends	(42,500)	(40,000)
Balance, end of period	\$ 653,492	596,374
Total Equity	\$ 1,601,651	1,534,967

FORTISALBERTA INC. CONDENSED INTERIM STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (UNAUDITED)

	Т	hree	e Months Ended June 30,	S	ix IV	Ionths Ended June 30,
(all amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars)	20)21	2020	2021		2020
Operating Activities						
Net income	\$ 35,9	993	\$ 32,908	\$ 71,202	\$	64,387
Adjustments for non-cash items included in net income						
Depreciation	53,5	86	52,111	106,625		103,990
Amortization	4,3	367	3,954	8,647		7,855
Deferred income tax		22	(93)	127		(51)
Equity component of allowance for funds used during construction		_	_	(1,052)		(1,177)
Net gain on sale of property, plant and equipment		_	_	(59)		_
Change in long-term regulatory assets and liabilities	(2,6	72)	5,855	(1,183)		(20,455)
Change in other non-current operating assets and liabilities	(9	29)	585	(3,857)		603
Change in non-cash operating working capital (note 10)	(5,3	59)	(2,577)	(20,176)		(41,315)
Cash from operating activities	85,0	800	92,743	160,274		113,837
Investing Activities						
Additions to property, plant and equipment	(74,9	11)	(79 <i>,</i> 577)	(173,653)		(196,009)
Customer contributions for property, plant and equipment	7,8	38	7,973	13,979		16,008
Additions to intangible assets	(7,6	08)	(3,456)	(12,794)		(8,184)
Proceeds from disposition of property, plant and equipment	1,8	304	462	3,162		1,385
Net change in employee loans	2	232	(17)	(433)		(660)
Cash used in investing activities	(72,6	45)	(74,615)	(169,739)		(187,460)
Financing Activities						
Net change in bank indebtedness	(2	17) ่	872	(2,574)		2,727
Net change in Fortis demand notes	80,0	000	(10,000)	80,000		(69,000)
Borrowings under bilateral credit facility		_	_	_		150,000
Payment of deferred financing fees	1	L04	_	(72)		(101)
Borrowings under committed credit facility	201,0	000	116,000	447,000		644,000
Repayments under committed credit facility	(272,0	00)	(105,000)	(473,000)		(614,000)
Dividends	(21,2	50)	(20,000)	(42,500)		(40,000)
Cash (used in) from financing activities	(12,3	63)	(18,128)	8,854		73,626
Change in cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash			_	(611)		3
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, beginning of period		_	610	611		607
Cash, cash equivalents and restricted cash, end of period	\$	=	\$ 610	\$	\$	610

Supplemental cash flow information (note 10)

(All amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted)

NOTES TO THE CONDENSED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (UNAUDITED)

1. ENTITY DEFINITION AND NATURE OF OPERATIONS

FortisAlberta Inc. (the "Corporation" or "FortisAlberta") is a regulated electric distribution utility in the Province of Alberta. Its business is the ownership and operation of electric facilities that distribute electricity generated by other market participants from high-voltage transmission substations to end-use customers. The Corporation does not own or operate generation or transmission assets and is not involved in the direct sale of electricity. It is intended that the Corporation remain a regulated electric utility for the foreseeable future, focusing on the delivery of safe, reliable, and cost-effective electricity services to its customers in Alberta.

The Corporation is regulated by the Alberta Utilities Commission (the "AUC") pursuant to the Alberta Utilities Commission Act (the "AUCA"). The AUC's jurisdiction, pursuant to the Electric Utilities Act (the "EUA"), the Public Utilities Act (the "PUA"), the Hydro and Electric Energy Act (the "HEEA") and the AUCA, includes the approval of distribution tariffs for regulated distribution utilities such as the Corporation, including the rates and terms and conditions on which service is to be provided by those utilities.

The Corporation is an indirect, wholly-owned subsidiary of Fortis Inc. ("Fortis"). Fortis is a leader in the North American regulated electric and gas utility business serving customers in five Canadian provinces, nine US states and three Caribbean countries.

2. REGULATORY MATTERS

The Corporation is regulated by the AUC, pursuant to the EUA, the PUA, the HEEA and the AUCA. The AUC administers these acts and regulations covering such matters as revenue requirements, customer rates, construction of assets, operations and financing. The Corporation recognizes amounts to be recovered from, or refunded to, customers in those periods in which related applications are filed with, or decisions are received from, the AUC. The timing of recognition of certain assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses as a result of regulation may differ from that otherwise expected using accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America ("US GAAP") for entities not subject to rate regulation.

Performance-Based Regulation

Effective January 1, 2018, the AUC approved a second performance-based regulation ("PBR") term, from 2018 to 2022. Under PBR, a formula incorporating an inflation factor and a productivity factor (I-X) (the "formula"), that estimates inflation (I) annually and assumes a set level of productivity improvements (X), is used to determine distribution rates on an annual basis. Each year this formula is applied to the preceding year's distribution rates.

The base distribution rates, subject to escalation by the formula, for the second PBR term are based on a notional 2017 revenue requirement approved by the AUC. The impact of changes to return on equity ("ROE"), cost of debt and capital structure during the PBR term apply only to the portion of rate base that is funded by revenue provided by mechanisms separate from going-in rates escalated by the formula. For 2021, the Corporation's ROE is approved at 8.50%, with a capital structure of 37% equity and 63% debt.

In the second PBR term, incremental capital funding to recover costs related to capital expenditures that are not recovered through distribution rates subject to escalation are funded primarily through a K-Bar mechanism. The K-Bar amount is established for each year of the PBR term based on the revenue requirement associated with a projected notional rate base. The projected level of annual capital additions is calculated using an AUC prescribed methodology, including both actuals and historical averages.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

(All amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted)

2021 Annual Rates Application

In December 2020, the AUC issued Decision 25843-D01-2020 approving the Corporation's 2021 rates and riders, effective on an interim basis for January 1, 2021, including an increase of approximately 0.9% to the distribution component of customer rates. The increase in the distribution component of customer rates reflects: (i) an I-X of 2.12%; (ii) a refund of \$1.5 million for the true-up of going-in rates; (iii) a refund of \$5.4 million for the true-up of the 2018, 2019 and 2020 K-Bar amounts; (iv) a 2021 K-Bar placeholder of \$76.8 million; (v) a net refund of \$14.6 million for the true-up of the 2018, 2019, and 2020 Alberta Electric System Operator ("AESO") contributions hybrid deferral; (vi) a placeholder refund of \$11.6 million for the 2021 AESO contributions hybrid deferral; (vii) a refund of \$1.2 million for the true-up of the Corporation's approved 2016 and 2017 K factor amounts; and (viii) a net refund of Y factor amounts of \$1.5 million.

3. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Basis of Presentation

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared by management in accordance with US GAAP as codified in the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") Accounting Standards Codification ("ASC"). These unaudited condensed interim financial statements of the Corporation do not include all disclosures required under US GAAP for annual financial statements and should be read in conjunction with the audited annual financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended December 31, 2020. In management's opinion, these unaudited condensed interim financial statements reflect all normal recurring adjustments that are necessary to fairly present the Corporation's results of operations and financial position. Operating results for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, are not necessarily indicative of the results expected for the full year ending December 31, 2021.

In December 2017, the Ontario Securities Commission approved the extension of the Corporation's exemptive relief to continue reporting under US GAAP rather than International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") until the earlier of January 1, 2024, and the effective date prescribed by the International Accounting Standards Board for the mandatory application of a permanent standard within IFRS specific to entities with activities subject to rate regulation.

The preparation of the financial statements in accordance with US GAAP requires management to make estimates and judgments that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and the disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting periods. Certain estimates are necessary since the regulatory environment in which the Corporation operates often requires amounts to be recorded at estimated values until finalization and adjustments, if any, are determined pursuant to subsequent regulatory decisions or other regulatory proceedings.

Critical accounting estimates made by management include current and deferred income tax, contingent liabilities due to general litigation, depreciation, amortization, pension and other post-employment benefits ("OPEB"), goodwill impairment, accrued revenue, expense accruals, and regulatory assets and liabilities. Due to the inherent uncertainty in making such estimates, actual results reported in future periods could differ materially from those estimated. There were no material changes to the Corporation's critical accounting estimates for the first half of 2021 as compared to June 30, 2020 and December 31, 2020.

Changes in Accounting Policies

These unaudited condensed interim financial statements have been prepared following the same accounting policies as those used in preparing the Corporation's 2020 audited annual financial statements, except as follows.

Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes

Effective January 1, 2021, the Corporation adopted the applicable sections of Accounting Standards Update ("ASU") 2019-12, *Income Taxes (Topic 740), Simplifying the Accounting for Income Taxes,* which provided amendments to reduce complexity in the accounting standard. The ASU was adopted using a prospective approach and did not have a significant effect on the recognition and measurement of the Corporation's current and deferred income taxes in the current period.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

(All amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted)

Future Accounting Pronouncements

The Corporation considers the applicability and impact of all ASUs issued by the FASB. The Corporation has assessed the ASUs issued and determined the ASUs to be either not applicable to the Corporation or not expected to have a material impact on the financial statements.

4. REGULATORY ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

Regulatory assets represent amounts that are expected to be recovered from customers in future periods. Regulatory liabilities represent amounts that are expected to be refunded to customers in future periods or the recovery of future costs in current rates. Based on existing or expected AUC decisions, the Corporation has recorded the following regulatory assets and liabilities.

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Regulatory assets		
Deferred income tax	\$ 370,028	\$ 352,009
AESO charges deferral	52,375	34,620
AESO supply transmission service deferral	2,145	2,145
Y factor deferral	1,565	_
Regulatory defined benefit pension deferrals	1,344	1,080
Total regulatory assets	427,457	389,854
Less: current portion	56,343	37,030
Long-term regulatory assets	\$ 371,114	\$ 352,824

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Regulatory liabilities		
Non asset retirement obligation provision	\$ 455,442	\$ 444,492
Incremental capital deferral	14,222	22,554
AESO charges deferral	8,250	9,612
Y factor deferral	1,173	1,207
A1 rider deferral	996	1,210
PBR rebasing deferral	773	1,547
K factor deferral	591	1,182
AESO retail consumers deferral program	152	300
Total regulatory liabilities	481,599	482,104
Less: current portion	21,812	32,354
Long-term regulatory liabilities	\$ 459,787	\$ 449,750

A detailed description of the nature of the Corporation's regulatory assets and liabilities was provided in Note 5 of the Corporation's 2020 audited annual financial statements.

(All amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted)

5. PENSION AND OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Components of Net Periodic Costs

	Def	ined Benef	it Pension Plans	OPEB Plan			
Three months ended June 30		2021	2020	2021	2020		
Service cost	\$	108	\$ 149	\$ 236	\$ 203		
Interest cost		298	361	81	89		
Expected return on plan assets		(118)	(203)	_	_		
Amortizations:							
Past service cost			_	153	170		
Actuarial gain			_	(65)	(86)		
Net benefit cost recognized		288	307	405	376		
Regulatory adjustments		(135)	(66)	_	_		
Net benefit cost recognized in financial statements		153	241	405	376		
Defined contribution cost		2,274	2,270	_	_		
Total employee future benefit cost	\$	2,427	\$ 2,511	\$ 405	\$ 376		

	Defi	ned Benef	it Pension Plans	ns OPEB Plan				
Six months ended June 30		2021	2020	2021		2020		
Service cost	\$	216	\$ 298	\$ 471	\$	406		
Interest cost		596	722	161		178		
Expected return on plan assets		(237)	(405)	_		_		
Amortizations:								
Past service cost			_	306		341		
Actuarial gain			_	(130)		(172)		
Net benefit cost recognized		575	615	808		753		
Regulatory adjustments		(254)	349	_		_		
Net benefit cost recognized in financial statements		321	964	808		753		
Defined contribution cost		5,609	5,099	_		_		
Total employee future benefit cost	\$	5,930	\$ 6,063	\$ 808	\$	753		

Pension Plans and OPEB Contributions

The Corporation made total contributions to the defined benefit pension plans of \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. The Corporation made total contributions to the OPEB plan of \$0.2 million and \$0.3 million for the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, respectively. Minimum funding contributions of approximately \$0.6 million will be made to the defined benefit pension plans.

6. DEBT AND CAPITAL MANAGEMENT

As at June 30, 2021, the Corporation had an unsecured committed credit facility with an available amount of \$250.0 million maturing in August 2024. Drawings under the credit facility are available by way of prime loans, bankers' acceptances, and letters of credit. Prime loans bear an interest rate of prime and bankers' acceptances are issued at the applicable bankers' acceptance discount rate plus a stamping fee of 1.0%. As at June 30, 2021, the Corporation had \$11.0 million drawn on the credit facility (December 31, 2020 - \$37.0 million) and \$0.3 million in letters of credit (December 31, 2020 - \$0.4 million).

As at June 30, 2021, the Corporation had an unsecured \$80.0 million (December 31, 2020 - \$nil) demand note outstanding with Fortis. The demand note bears interest approximating the bankers' acceptance discount rate plus a stamping fee of 1.0%.

In July 2021, the Corporation renegotiated and amended its unsecured committed credit facility, extending the maturity date of the facility to August 2026 from August 2024. The amended agreement contains substantially similar terms and conditions as the previous agreement.

(All amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted)

7. OTHER REVENUE

Contract Liability

In December 2020, the Corporation received an upfront payment of \$52.4 million from EPCOR Energy Alberta GP Inc. ("EPCOR") pursuant to the terms of the Customer Rights Agreement whereby EPCOR acts as the Corporation's default supplier to eligible customers under the regulated rate option. As at December 31, 2020, the initial upfront payment of \$52.4 million was recorded as a contract liability. Included in the initial upfront payment was a financing component of \$2.8 million, which was determined using the Corporation's incremental borrowing rate and is being recognized as interest expense in the statements of income and comprehensive income over the eight-year term of the Customer Rights Agreement.

	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Current contract liability	\$ 6,292	\$ 6,251
Long-term contract liability	42,953	46,109
Total contract liability	\$ 49,245	\$ 52,360

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, \$1.7 million and \$3.4 million, respectively, are included in other revenue in the condensed interim statements of income and comprehensive income.

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021, \$0.1 million and \$0.2 million, respectively, are included in interest expense in the condensed interim statements of income and comprehensive income.

8. FAIR VALUE OF FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Fair Value Measurement

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. A fair value measurement is required to reflect the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing a financial asset or financial liability based on the best available information. These assumptions include the risks inherent in a particular valuation technique, such as a pricing model, and the risks inherent in the inputs to the model. A fair value hierarchy exists that prioritizes the inputs used to measure fair value.

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy are defined as follows:

- Level 1: Fair value determined using unadjusted quoted prices in active markets;
- Level 2: Fair value determined using pricing inputs that are observable; and
- Level 3: Fair value determined using unobservable inputs only when relevant observable inputs are not available.

The fair values of the Corporation's financial instruments reflect a point-in-time estimate based on current and relevant market information about the instruments as at the balance sheet dates. The estimates cannot be determined with precision as they involve uncertainties and matters of judgment; therefore, they may not be relevant in predicting the Corporation's future earnings or cash flows.

The following table represents the fair value measurements of the Corporation's financial instruments:

Long-term debt	June 30,	December 31,
	2021	2020
Fair value ⁽¹⁾	\$ 2,829,762	\$ 3,098,239
Carrying value ⁽²⁾	2,358,739	2,358,721

⁽¹⁾ The fair value of the long-term debt is estimated using level 2 inputs. It is calculated using indicative prices provided by a third party for the same or similarly rated issues of debt with similar maturities. Since the Corporation does not intend to settle the long-term debt prior to maturity, the excess of the estimated fair value above the carrying value does not represent an actual liability.

The carrying value of financial instruments included in current assets, long-term other assets, current liabilities and long-term other liabilities on the balance sheet approximate their fair value, which reflects the short-term maturity, normal trade credit terms and/or nature of these financial instruments.

⁽²⁾ Carrying value is presented gross of debt issuance costs of \$16,044 (December 31, 2020 – \$16,386).

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020

(All amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted)

Credit Risk

The Corporation has a concentration of credit risk as a result of its distribution service billings, to a small group of retailers or other counterparties. Counterparty credit risk is the financial risk associated with the non-performance of contractual obligations by all counterparties. The Corporation extends credit to retailers in the normal course of business.

The Corporation assesses its retailer credit exposure and expected credit loss using historical information, forms of prudential and current economic conditions. In accordance with the Corporation's Terms and Conditions, the Corporation is required to minimize its credit exposure to retailer billings by obtaining an acceptable form of prudential, which includes a cash deposit, letter of credit, an investment grade credit rating from a major rating agency, or a financial guarantee from an entity with an investment grade credit rating. An acceptable form of prudential reduces the credit risk exposure of retailer billings. As at June 30, 2021, the Corporation's estimated credit risk exposure was \$1.2 million based on historical retailer billings. Expected credit losses with other counterparties is evaluated using historical collection experience and internal counterparty-specific risk assessments.

In March 2021, one of the Corporation's retailers applied for, and was granted, creditor protection under the Companies' Creditors Arrangement Act. The court order relating to the creditor protection of the retailer granted a stay of any adverse steps, such as termination of licenses, by provincial regulators. Accordingly, the stay and the financing associated with it is expected to allow the retailer to continue paying amounts to its contractual counterparties, primarily consisting of utilities, in the ordinary course. As a result of the Corporation's Terms and Conditions and its requirement to minimize its credit exposure to retailer billings by obtaining an acceptable form of prudential, as at June 30, 2021, the Corporation has assessed that there is sufficient prudential to cover the retailers' current outstanding invoices.

Allowance for Credit Losses

Accounts receivable are recorded net of an allowance for credit losses. The credit loss allowance considers current and forecasted economic conditions and is reflective of normal course operations.

The change in allowance for credit losses balance is as follows:

	June 30,	Decer	mber 31,
	2021		2020
Balance, beginning of year	\$ (766)	\$	(325)
Credit loss provision	(653)		(631)
Write-offs, net of recoveries	58		190
Balance, end of period	\$ (1,361)	\$	(766)

9. COMMITMENTS

A detailed description of the nature of the Corporation's commitments was provided in Note 19 of the Corporation's 2020 audited annual financial statements. There have been no material changes to the nature or amounts of these items.

10. SUPPLEMENTAL CASH FLOW INFORMATION

Non-Cash Operating Working Capital

	Three Months Ended June 30,							
	2021		2020		2021		2020	
Accounts receivable	\$ 10,795	\$	3,822	\$	12,941	\$	28,372	
Prepaids and deposits	(2,480)	((1,086)		(3,423)		(1,493)	
Income tax receivable	1,576		2,282		3,336		2,612	
Regulatory assets	(4,058)	((9,875)		(19,313)		9,247	
Accounts payable and other current liabilities	(4,072)		2,767		(3,175)		(65 <i>,</i> 558)	
Regulatory liabilities	(7,120)		(487)		(10,542)		(14,495)	
	\$ (5,359)	\$ ((2,577)	\$	(20,176)	\$	(41,315)	

Notes to the Condensed Interim Financial Statements (Unaudited)

For the three and six months ended June 30, 2021 and 2020 (All amounts in thousands of Canadian dollars, unless otherwise noted)

Non-Cash Investing Activities

As at June 30	2021	2020
Additions to property, plant and equipment and intangible assets included in current liabilities	\$ 60,965	\$ 80,612
Customer contributions for property, plant and equipment included in current assets	10,234	6,920

Reconciliation of Cash, Cash Equivalents and Restricted Cash

As at June 30	202	1	2020
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ -	- \$	
Restricted cash	-	-	610
	\$ -	- \$	610

11. WATERTON BATTERY ENERGY STORAGE PROJECT

In 2019, the Corporation was awarded \$2.6 million in total funding from Alberta Innovates and Emissions Reduction Alberta for the Waterton Project in the Biotechnology, Electricity, and Sustainable Transportation Challenge. In 2021, the Corporation was awarded \$0.5 million in additional funding for the Project from the Department of Natural Resources Renewable Energy and Smart Grid Deployment Programs. The Waterton Project will enable the Corporation to test the technology, economics and collective distribution grid benefits of solar power system, utility scale battery storage, smart inverter, SCADA ("Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition"), and grid operating systems. The contribution agreements outline project and funding milestones. As at December 31, 2020, a contribution of \$0.6 million had been received and recorded in restricted cash pending achievement of certain project milestones. These project milestones were achieved during the first quarter of 2021, allowing the restriction on the contribution received to be removed and this amount is no longer recorded in restricted cash. Additional contributions received during the first six months of 2021 were not required to be recorded as restricted cash as at June 30, 2021.